



KAWARTHA LAKE STEWARDS ASSOCIATION

WATER TESTING VOLUNTEER INSTRUCTIONS

May 11, 2018

E.COLI TEST PAYMENT

I am remitting fees for 2018 testing

Payment is due by July 1



My name _____ Email _____

Exact name of my cottage association: _____

Address _____ Postal code _____

I am paying 2016 test fees of **\$65 per site** for _____ sites as follows:

Lake Site number(s)

Lake Site number(s)

- In addition, my association is including a donation to support KLSA in its work of water quality monitoring, research, and public education. *Your association will be honoured as a donor in the next KLSA Annual Water Quality Report.*
- I would like to give a personal donation to KLSA to support its work. *You will be honoured as a donor in the next KLSA Annual Water Quality Report.*

Test fees	\$ _____
Association donation	\$ _____
Personal donation	\$ _____
TOTAL	\$ _____

I wish to receive a mailed copy of the next KLSA Annual Water Quality Report Yes___ No___

Please mail cheque(s) to: Mike Stedman, KLSA Treasurer
24 Charles Court
Lakefield, ON K0L 2H0



KAWARTHA LAKE STEWARDS ASSOCIATION

WATER TESTING VOLUNTEER INSTRUCTIONS

May 11, 2018

KLSA East End Program
Coordinator:

Kathleen Mackenzie
kmm.viola@gmail.com
Home: (705) 651-1083
Cottage: (705) 654-3051

TESTING SCHEDULE, SUMMER 2018

DATE	PHOSPHORUS	E.COLI	SECCHI DISC
By May 20	xxx		Please try to take your Secchi measurements every 2 weeks from May 1 to Oct. 1
Near June 1	xxx		
Tuesday, July 3	xxx	xxx	
Monday, July 23		xxx	
Monday, July 30		xxx	
Tuesday, Aug 7	xxx	xxx	
Monday, Aug 13		xxx	
Tuesday, Sep. 4	xxx	xxx	
Near Oct. 1	xxx		

Cost: The cost of *E.coli* testing is \$65 per site for the season (6 tests per site).
Payment is due by July 1, 2018. Please use the form on page 1.

Introduction

The Kawartha Lake Stewards Association (KLSA) is a volunteer-driven, non-profit organization of cottagers, year-round residents and local business owners in the Kawartha Lakes region. The Association was initially established to provide a coordinated approach to lake water monitoring by testing for phosphorus, water clarity and *E.coli* bacteria during the spring, summer and fall. While the activities of the Association have expanded significantly over the years, lake water monitoring continues to be a focal point. This document provides detailed instructions for the many volunteers involved in KLSA water testing.

Payment for E.coli Tests

Phosphorus testing and Secchi disc measurements are conducted under the auspices of the provincial Lake Partner Program. Although many KLSA volunteers are involved in the collection of samples and measurements, there is no direct cost incurred.

E.coli testing is coordinated by the KLSA but funded by individual lake, cottage and road associations, local organizations or interested individuals. The annual cost is **\$65 per site** for the six tests that are conducted at each site between July and September.

Payment for *E.coli* tests sites is **due by July 1st**; please remit payment using the form on page 1. It is important that you clearly identify the portion of your payment that is for *E.coli* testing and name the associated sites.

Phosphorus and Secchi Testing – General Guidance

The phosphorus and Secchi testing is conducted under the auspices of the Provincial Lake Partner Program. Test kits are mailed directly to those involved in the program. Water samples and Secchi measurements are returned to the Dorset Environmental Sciences Centre by mail.

Detailed instructions for the conduct of phosphorus and Secchi testing are included with the test kits. Following are a few brief points that will assist in planning your participation:

- You should receive your testing kit by the end of April. If you have not, please contact the Lake Partner Program (lakepartner@ontario.ca, 1-800-470-8322).
- Samples for phosphorus testing are collected on or around the first of the month, May to October; 6 tests in total. The exception is May, which is better in the middle of the month, when the lakes have mixed.
- The May test is important because it establishes a baseline for the year. If you can't get out in May, please ensure you test at the beginning of June.
- Try to follow the schedule as closely as possible. If you cannot sample on the suggested date, please do so as close as possible to the suggested date; either before or after. Try not to miss a date, particularly June to September; those four measurements are critical.
- Be consistent. Take your samples and Secchi readings at the same location, at the same time of day and to the maximum extent possible in similar weather.
- Please label your sample exactly as it is in the list below. These are long established site names and it is important that they be retained to enable a year-to-year comparison. Do not change the wording as it is very confusing for the Lake Partner people who are dealing with hundreds of samples. For example, "Clear Lake: Mackenzie Bay" is good; "middle of Mackenzie Bay" is confusing.
- If you are collecting samples at multiple sites be very careful not to mix up the samples, and ensure that they are labeled correctly.
- You are welcome to send in your Secchi readings with each phosphorus sample rather than waiting until the end of the year when they can be forgotten.
- At the end of the season, if you have leftover kits please return them with your last sample; they can be recycled and reused. As well, please return the filter and associated equipment.
- Annual data reports are available on the Lake Partner Program website in January, on the FOCA website and published in the KLSA Annual Report.
- If you are unable to do the testing next year and have been unable to find a replacement, please contact one of the KLSA coordinators.

KLSA Phosphorus Test Sites

Please use these exact site names when you label your water samples.

Balsam Lake	E of Grand Is
Balsam Lake	Lightning Point
Balsam Lake	N Bay Rocky Pt.
Balsam Lake	W Bay2, deep spot
Balsam Lake	South Bay-Killarney Bay
Big Bald Lake	mid-lake, deep spot
Big Cedar Lake	Mid lake, deep spot
Buckhorn L (U)	Narrows - red buoy C310
Buckhorn L (U):	Young's Cove, deep spot
Cameron Lake	E end, deep spot
Cameron Lake	South end
Chemong Lake	S. of Causeway
Clear Lake	Bryson's Bay
Clear Lake	Mackenzie Bay
Clear Lake	Main basin
Clear Lake	Fiddler's Bay
Julian Lake	mid-lake
Katchewanooka	Young Pt near locks
Katchewanooka	SE Douglas Island
Katchewanooka	Buoy C132
Lovesick Lake	80' hole at N End
Lovesick Lake	MacCallum Is
Lower Buckhorn L	Deer Bay - centre
Lower Buckhorn L.	Heron Is.
Lower Buckhorn L	Deer Bay W - Buoy C267
Lower Buckhorn L	Lower Deer Bay, Mid-deep
Lower Buckhorn L	Main basin, deep spot
Pigeon Lake Con 17	N end, Adjacent Con 17
Pigeon Lake	Middle, Sandy Pt. & Boyd Is.
Pigeon L NPLRA	N-400 m N of Boyd Is.
Pigeon Lake	C340- Dead Horse Shoal
Pigeon Lake	N-300 yds off Bottom Is.
Sandy Lake	mid-lake, deep spot
Stony Lake	Mouse Is.
Stony Lake	Hamilton Bay
Stony Lake	Gilchrist Bay
Stony Lake	Burleigh Channel
Sturgeon Lake	Fenelon R. mouth
Sturgeon Lake	Sturgeon Point Buoy
Sturgeon Lake	Lunge Haven
Sturgeon Lake	Muskrat I-Buoy C388
Upper Stoney L	mid-lake, deep spot
Upper Stoney L	Quarry Bay
Upper Stoney L	South Bay
Upper Stoney L	Young's Bay
Upper Stoney L	Crowe's Landing
White Lake	S end, deep spot

E.coli Testing – General Instructions

Please see our new “***KLSA Lake Water E.coli Sampling Procedure Video***” on the KLSA Facebook page. This was produced in the fall of 2015, and contains all the details on where and how to test for *E.coli* in living, moving colour! Enjoy!

E.coli testing is coordinated by the KLSA but funded by individual lake, cottage and road associations, local organizations or interested individuals. Lake associations are encouraged to oversee the testing on their lake and endeavor to ensure a reasonable distribution of test sites by encouraging individual cottage and road associations to participate by sponsoring a site in their area.

Six *E.coli* water samples are collected at each site throughout the summer commencing immediately after Canada Day and concluding after Labour Day. The intent is to collect the samples after busy weekends when there has been substantial activity on the lakes. Refer to the schedule on Page 2 for sampling dates.

Selection of E.coli Test Sites

Following are some considerations when selecting *E.coli* test sites:

- The water should be 1 to 1 ½ metres deep (3 to 5 feet). In shallower areas there is the risk of getting sediment in the sample.
- Generally, you will want to test in areas where there may be a problem such as:
 - Areas of poor circulation, such as quiet bays
 - Inflows from agricultural areas
 - Inflows from wetlands
 - Areas where waterfowl are numerous
 - Marinas
 - Areas where live-aboard boats dock
 - Popular swimming areas (although the Public Health Unit tests most ‘public beaches’)
 - Areas where you might expect change or development in the near future
 - Inflows in general, as upstream conditions may change unexpectedly
- Avoid changing sites haphazardly. Data will be more valuable if sites are maintained from year to year to provide a baseline, identify long-term trends and observe the effect of weather on *E.coli* counts.
- Notwithstanding the previous consideration, if, after three or four years, a site proves to have extremely low counts, it may be appropriate to dedicate the resources to another site of greater concern.
- Identify sites in a logical fashion and ensure that site identifiers are used consistently from year to year. Do not reuse an old site identifier for a new site. Assign a new unique identifier to a new site.

Laboratories

Samples collected in the Eastern Kawartha Lakes – generally the east shore of Pigeon Lake and east – are analyzed at SGS Lakefield. Detailed instructions for those taking samples to SGS Lakefield are provided in Annex A. KLSA *E.coli* testing in the Eastern Kawartha Lakes is coordinated by Kathleen Mackenzie. Refer to page 2 for contact information.

Bottles, Labels and Chain of Custody Forms.

Bottles, labels and Chain of Custody forms will be available for pick-up at the KLSA Annual Spring Meeting.

If you are unable to attend the meeting and are unable to have somebody pick up the materials for you, please contact the coordinator for your region. Refer to Page 2 for contact information.

Bottles are also available at the laboratory and can be picked up in small quantities (less than 15) when samples are delivered for analysis. If you require a large number of bottles, contact the laboratory to place an order.

E.coli Log

Volunteers conducting *E.coli* testing are asked to maintain an *E.coli* log to record weather conditions and other factors that may affect the *E.coli* count. A record of recent rainfall is particularly important because heavy rain tends to flush contaminants into the lakes. The *E.coli* log form is included in Annex A. Please complete the form throughout the summer and submit it at the end of the season.

Collection of *E.coli* Samples

This section provides general guidance for the collection of *E.coli* water samples. This information is all contained in the ***KLSA Lake Water E.coli Sampling Procedure Video*** on our Facebook page. Careful adherence to these guidelines is essential to minimize the possibility of contaminating water samples. Remember, healthy human faecal material contains about 100 million *E.coli* per ¼ tsp. Even when you're clean, you're germy! Skin or clothing can easily contaminate. Adhere to the following protocol when collecting water samples for *E.coli* testing.

1. If you are collecting more than one sample, mark the bottle with a waterproof marker so that you can affix the correct label after the sample is collected.
2. When collecting the sample, use a clean pair of nitrile/latex gloves. If gloves are not available, wash your hands with soap and water before collecting the sample. Unscrew the lid and collect the sample from a representative location. **Do not** place the cap where it can become contaminated. **Do not** let the open mouth or neck of the bottle touch any clothing, fingers or unsterile objects before or after collection of the sample. **Don't** breathe in the direction of the sample. Turn your head to the side while the sample is being collected.
3. Using a wand or holding the bottle near the base, plunge it neck down to a depth of 15 to 30 cm (6 to 12 inches) below the surface. The water should be 1 to 1½ metres (3 to 5 feet) deep at the test site. The bottle should then be turned so the neck points slightly upwards with the mouth directed toward the current. If no current exists, push the bottle horizontally forward in a direction away from your hands. (You do not want water that has touched your hand to flow into the bottle.) Try not to let water wash off the hull of your boat flow into the bottle.

4. Fill the bottle about 90% full. If you overfill it, don't pour it out; 'flip' it out. As quickly as possible, carefully replace the cap again ensuring that you do not touch the neck of the bottle or the inside of the cap. Ensure that the cap is tight.
5. Keep the samples cool; approximately 5 degrees C (38 degrees F) which is refrigerator temperature. Do not freeze. It is recommended that you have an insulated container and ice packs with you when collecting and transporting the samples. Ice packs are better than ice cubes because they do not create a pool of water (potential source of contamination) around the sampling bottles.
6. Enter the appropriate data on a KLSA label (sample ID, the volunteer who collected the sample, and the date and time) and affix the label to the bottle. To affix the label, you may have to dry the outside of the bottle. Do so carefully avoiding contact with the neck and cap.
7. Complete the *E.coli* log.
8. Deliver the samples to the appropriate laboratory in accordance with the detailed instructions outlined in the applicable annex.

When Will You See the Results?

E.coli test results will be emailed from the laboratories to the coordinator within two to three days of the samples being submitted for analysis. The coordinator will distribute the results to all of the volunteers and points of contact in their region. Volunteers are encouraged to further distribute the results to their lake, cottage or road associations and interested parties. The goal is to maximize distribution of the results, create awareness of the program and develop an understanding of the potential water quality concerns.

Be sure to maintain a record of the results for your sites. Although the KLSA publishes an annual Lake Water Quality Report, keeping a record of your results is ultimately your responsibility.

What do the Results Really Mean?

Results of the *E.coli* testing will be presented as the total number of *E.coli* colony forming units per 100 milliliters (*E.coli* CFU per 100 mL). The following examples will assist in the interpretation of the results:

- The safe swimming level (at which public beaches are posted) is 100 *E.coli* CFU per 100 mL. This is related to approximately 7 incidents of waterborne disease per 1000 swimming events. If 10 children went swimming 14 times over a period of time, that would be 140 swimming events, and it would be very likely that one child would experience a waterborne disease (1 per 140 = 7 per 1000) such as gastrointestinal problems or an outer ear infection. Counts of over 100 are considered significant.
- As stated in the KLSA reports, the KLSA is of the opinion that our lakes should normally be cleaner than a public beach, and we have set the trigger for retesting at 50 *E.coli* CFU per 100 mL.
- How serious is a count of 10 or 25? Firstly, bacteria tend to clump, so three samples out of the same bottle might give readings of, for example 10, 25, and 6. Anything under 20 can be considered low and 5 really isn't much different than 20. Secondly, high counts can be very temporary; they may be caused by a child or a wild animal (some children might be classified by their parents/grandparents as 'wild animals' but in this context we are referring to beaver, geese, etc.).

- Counts between 20 and 100 that happen only occasionally are likely not of concern.
- Counts which remain over 50 for two or three weeks are unusual for our lakes and warrant further investigation in an attempt to identify the source of the *E.coli*.

What Do You Do if You Have a High Count?

As a general rule, the KLSA policy is that counts over 50 *E.coli* CFU per 100 mL should trigger a retest. In the event of a high count, a KLSA Coordinator will contact the volunteer responsible for the site to determine if a retest is both required and feasible. If a decision is made to retest, ideally the retest should be conducted as soon as possible after the original test and should consist of three to five separate samples collected at the same site.

In the event of high retest counts, the responsible volunteer in consultation with a KLSA Coordinator will discuss possible courses of action. Attached is a draft letter that can be used when addressing high counts in your area.

Neither the volunteer tester nor KLSA has any legal obligation to report high *E.coli* counts to anyone. Locations of sites are known only to the tester. It is up to the tester and his/her community to decide who they would like to inform regarding the high counts, and what if any remedial action they would like to take.

KLSA E.coli Log _____ (Year)

Name of Tester _____ Name of Lake _____

Please use this form to record weather conditions and other factors that may affect the E.coli count. A record of recent rainfall is particularly important because heavy rain tends to flush contaminants into the lakes. Please complete the form throughout the summer and submit it at the end of the season.

Completed forms can be passed to the KLSA Coordinator for your area or sent directly to Kathleen Mackenzie at the following address:

Kathleen Mackenzie kmm.viola@gmail.com
 Box 146 54 Stewart Drive,
 Lakefield, ON K0L 2H0

Thank you very much for your help!

Date	C=calm R=ripples W=wavy	Rain in past 48 hr: N=none L=light H=heavy	Presence of animals nearby, including birds or farm animals	Other Observations



KAWARTHA LAKE STEWARDS ASSOCIATION

DATE:

TO:

FROM: (Enter your name as the KLSA Volunteer responsible for the test site)
Volunteer
Kawartha Lake Stewards Association

RE: High *E.coli* Levels in Nearby Lake Water

The Kawartha Lake Stewards Association (KLSA) is an organization of volunteers who monitor water quality on the Kawartha Lakes. One of the parameters we test is *E.coli*, a bacteria which is an indicator of faecal pollution from warm-blooded animals. Our volunteers collect water samples at over 100 sites, six times per year, on a number of the Kawartha Lakes. The samples are tested by an accredited laboratory. Results are reported to the KLSA Coordinator and to the KLSA Volunteer who submitted the sample.

Recently, the results of the KLSA testing showed high *E.coli* counts in your region, specifically:

DATE	LOCATION	<i>E.coli</i> /100 mL

To put the results in perspective:

- 100 *E.coli* per 100 mL (based on a geometric average of 5 readings) is the level at which public beaches are posted unsafe for swimming.
- KLSA believes that a level in excess of 50 *E.coli* per 100 mL on the Kawartha Lakes is cause for concern and warrants further investigation.

Neither the KLSA nor the Peterborough County-City Health Unit [or Haliburton, Kawartha, Pine Ridge District Health Unit as appropriate] is required to report or act on high bacterial counts in surface waters. The Health Unit does monitor bacterial levels in drinking water, and in swimming water at lifeguarded public beaches; however, bacterial levels in surface water are considered a 'natural hazard,' along with slippery rocks or sharp zebra mussels. We the public use our lakes at our own risk.

Results of all KLSA tests are published in our annual report (see www.klsa.wordpress.com) but sample sites are given code names so that specific locations are not identifiable.

If you are concerned about these high counts, here are some things you may want to do:

- Try to identify the source of the bacteria. It might be from waterfowl, or water flowing from an area with a high concentration of wildlife such as wetlands or a large lawn adjacent to the lake that attracts a large concentration of geese. It might be from a malfunctioning septic system. If there is evidence that the source of the bacteria is the result of a malfunctioning septic system, you should contact the local Health Unit. The KLSA would be interested in your ideas on why counts were high.
- Try to lower bacterial levels. If waterfowl (Canada geese, seagulls) seem to be the problem, there are a number of deterrents. If too much runoff seems to be the problem, perhaps local shorelines need more vegetation. If a stream from a wetland area is the source, perhaps you need to be aware of bacteria levels, and swim in an area further from the inflow. Often counts are high only after a heavy rainfall.

The KLSA, unfortunately, does not have the expertise to identify sources of bacteria, or identify methods that will be guaranteed to decrease bacterial counts. We do, however, have some information that we can provide to you if you are interested in pursuing these issues.

Bacteria levels can change quickly from hour to hour and from place to place. These results are valid only for the times and locations tested.

KLSA advises shoreline residents if five samples taken at one location and time have a geometric average of over 100 *E.coli*/100 mL; however, KLSA collects samples at each location a maximum of six times per summer. If you are concerned about the water quality in your area, you may want to conduct more frequent testing.

We hope you find this information useful. Please contact me or the KLSA Coordinator for your area if you would like to discuss the results or obtain additional information.

KLSA Program Coordinator:

Kathleen Mackenzie
kmm.viola@gmail.com
Home: (705) 651-1083
Cottage: (705) 654-3051

Sincerely,

(Enter your name as the KLSA Volunteer responsible for the test site)
Volunteer
Kawartha Lake Stewards Association
(Your phone number or email address)



Annex A: East Kawartha Lakes

Additional Instructions

Eastern Kawartha Lakes – SGS Lakefield

This annex provides additional instructions for the Eastern Kawartha Lakes (generally the east shore of Pigeon Lake and east), specifically for volunteers who take their samples to SGS Lakefield for analysis.

Location

The SGS Lakefield Laboratory is located at 185 Concession Street. Go south on Concession St from Queen Street almost to the end. The lab is in the building that has an orange stripe around it. Park in the 3 spaces for “Drop Off for Environmental Samples) and take the samples in the Customer Service door. Hours are M – F 7:30– 4 (delivery must be before 2 pm).

Collection of Samples

Samples must be collected in accordance with the protocol outlined in the main body of the KLSA Volunteer Instructions. Be particularly careful to avoid contaminating the lid or neck of the bottle. As soon as the sample is collected, it should be placed in a cooler with ice packs until the sample is delivered to the laboratory.

All samples must be taken between July 1 and September 12, for invoicing purposes.

Bottles can be picked up at the May KLSA meeting. You can pick up 15 bottles or less at any time at SGS Lakefield Laboratory. If you want to pick up more than 15, please order them 2 weeks ahead of time. To order, contact Kim Didsbury kim.didsbury@sgs.com 705-652-2114. Be sure to have at least 6 extra in case of contamination or retests.

The SGS Lakefield Laboratory is closed on Saturdays, Sundays, and holiday Mondays. If you test the day before you bring them into the lab, keep the samples refrigerated overnight, and deliver to the lab within 18 hours of testing.

Samples must arrive at the laboratory no later than **2 PM**. If you are late, contact the laboratory and try to coordinate a later delivery.

Chain of Custody Form

The Chain of Custody form for SGS Lakefield and a sample of a completed form are included at the end of this annex. You must use these forms as they have been customized for KLSA, simplifying the paperwork at the laboratory and minimizing the cost for KLSA. Be sure to include the exact Association Name on the Chain of Custody form in accordance with the list below.

All samples delivered to SGS Lakefield must be accompanied by a completed Chain of Custody form (one form per delivery) listing each sample by Sample Identifier (location code), Date, Time, Number of Bottles and Analysis Required (E.coli). All sample bottles must be individually labeled with a KLSA label showing the Sample ID, the volunteer who collected the sample, and the date and time.

Association Names for SGS Lakefield Chain of Custody Forms

Big Bald Lake
Big Cedar Lake
Buckhorn Lake: Buckhorn Sands
Clear Lake: Birchcliff Property Owners
Clear Lake: Kawartha Park
Katchewanooka Lake – Site 7
Katchewanooka Lake – Lake Edge Cottages
Lovesick Lake
Lower Buckhorn Lake
Pigeon Lake: Concession 17 Cottagers' Assoc.
Pigeon Lake: North Pigeon Lake Ratepayers' Assoc.
Pigeon Lake: Victoria Place
Sandy Lake: Sandy Lake Cottagers' Assoc.
Stony Lake: Assoc. Stony Lake Cottagers
Upper Stoney Lake

SGS Contact Information

Kim Didsbury 705-652-2114 kim.didsbury@sgs.com



Request for Laboratory Services and CHAIN OF CUSTODY (General)

SGS Environmental Services - Lakefield: 185 Concession St., Lakefield, ON K0L 2H0 Phone: 705-652-2000 Toll Free: 877-747-7658 Fax: 705-652-6365 Web: www.ca.sgs.com

SGS Environmental Services - London: 657 Consortium Court, London, ON, N6E 2S8 Phone: 519-672-4500 Toll Free: 877-848-8060 Fax: 519-672-0361 Web: www.ca.sgs.com

Laboratory Information Section

Received Date (mm/dd/yyyy): _____	LAB LIMS #: _____
Received Time (After Hours Only): _____	Temperature Upon Receipt (°C): _____

Billing & Reporting Information

Invoice Receipt to (3):	Company: Kawartha Lake Stewards Association	Quote #: _____
	Attention: _____	Attached Parameter List: <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
	Address: c/o Mike Stedman - Email: mike.stedman@sympatico.ca	Turnaround Time
	Email: _____	Is *Rush Turnaround Time Required? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
Project Name/Number: _____	P.O. #: _____	Specify: _____
		* Rush TA Requests Require Lab Approval

Client Information/Report To:

Company Name: Kawartha Lake Stewards Association	Phone Number: 705-654-3051	Client Lab #: 2019
Association Name: _____		
Email : kmm.viola@gmail.com; mike.dolbey@sympatico.ca		

Sample Information

Sample Identifier	Date Sampled (mm/dd/yy)	Time Sampled	# of Bottles	Analysis Requested (please enter the analysis required below and check off which analysis applies to each sample)																
				E.C.coli (PWOO Limits)																
Sampled By {1}: (Name)	(Signature)			Date: ____/____/____	(mm/dd/yy)															
Relinquished by {2}: (Name)	(Signature)			Date: ____/____/____	(mm/dd/yy)															

Note: {1} Submission of samples to SGS is acknowledgement that you have been provided direction on sample collection/handling and transportation of samples. {2} Submission of samples to SGS is considered authorization for completion of work. Signatures may appear on this form or be retained on file in the contract, or in an alternative format (e.g. shipping documents). {3} Results may be sent by email to an unlimited number of addresses for no additional cost. Fax is available upon request.

This document is issued by the Company under its General Conditions of Service accessible at http://www.sgs.com/terms_and_conditions.htm. (Printed copies are available upon request.) Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein.



Request for Laboratory Services and CHAIN OF CUSTODY (General)

SGS Environmental Services - Lakeland 150 Concession St. Lakeland, ON M4L 2H6 Phone: 705-652-0000 Toll Free: 877-747-7338 Fax: 705-652-0588 Web: www.sgs.com
 SGS Environmental Services - London 691 Concession East, London, ON, N6E 2S8 Phone: 519-872-4000 Toll Free: 877-346-6000 Fax: 519-872-0381 Web: www.sgs.com

Laboratory Information Section

Received Date (mm/dd/yyyy): 7-3-12 LAB LIMS #: _____
 Received Time (After Hours Only): _____ Temperature Upon Receipt (°C): _____

Billing & Reporting Information

Company: Kawartha Lake Stewards Association Quote #: _____
 Attention: c/o Mike Stedman - Email: mike.stedman@sympatico.ca Attached Parameter List: YES NO
 Address: _____ Turnaround Time: _____
 Email: _____ Is *Rush Turnaround Time Required? YES NO
 Project Name/Number: _____ P.O. #: _____ Specify: _____
 * Rush TA Requires Regulator Approval

Client Information/Report To:

Company Name: Kawartha Lake Stewards Association Client Lab #: 2019
 Association Name: Pigeon Lake: Victoria Place Phone Number: 705-654-3051
 Email: mike.stedman@gmail.com; mike.dolbey@sympatico.ca

Analysis Information

Sample Identifier	Date Sampled (mm/dd/yyyy)	Time Sampled	# of Bottles	Analysis Requested	
				E.Coli (F/MGD Limited)	(please enter the analysis required below and check off which analysis applies to each sample)
<u>A2</u>	<u>Jul 3</u>	<u>10:50</u>	<u>1</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
<u>55</u>	<u>Jul 3</u>	<u>11:10</u>	<u>1</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
<u>XLY</u>	<u>Jul 3</u>	<u>11:30</u>	<u>5</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Sampled By (1): Name Jane Jones Signature Jane Jones Date: Jul 3 2012 (mm/dd/yyyy)
 Relinquished by (2): Name _____ Signature _____ Date: _____ (mm/dd/yyyy)

Note: (1) Submission of samples to SGS is held to the terms and conditions provided in this form. Samples collected, delivered and analyzed at SGS are held to the terms and conditions provided in this form. (2) Samples collected, delivered and analyzed at SGS are held to the terms and conditions provided in this form. (3) Samples collected, delivered and analyzed at SGS are held to the terms and conditions provided in this form. (4) Samples collected, delivered and analyzed at SGS are held to the terms and conditions provided in this form. (5) Samples collected, delivered and analyzed at SGS are held to the terms and conditions provided in this form. (6) Samples collected, delivered and analyzed at SGS are held to the terms and conditions provided in this form. (7) Samples collected, delivered and analyzed at SGS are held to the terms and conditions provided in this form. (8) Samples collected, delivered and analyzed at SGS are held to the terms and conditions provided in this form. (9) Samples collected, delivered and analyzed at SGS are held to the terms and conditions provided in this form. (10) Samples collected, delivered and analyzed at SGS are held to the terms and conditions provided in this form.

